

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET TILL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.

TR/TES(G)(CME)/V(B)/13

Test Booklet Series

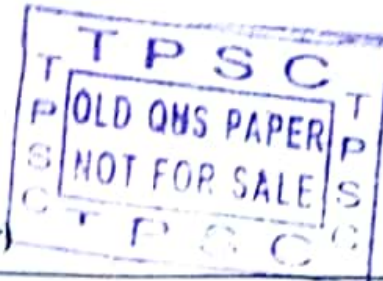
**TEST BOOKLET
GENERAL STUDIES**

B

(Signature of the Candidate)

(Invigilator's Signature)

Time allowed : 1 hour (One hour)



Maximum Marks – 100

INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET BY BLACK BALL POINT PEN ONLY.
3. This Test Booklet contains 50 items (questions). Each question, carrying 2 (two) marks only, has four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the most appropriate. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
4. You have to mark all your responses by Black Ball Point Pen only on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
5. All items carry equal marks.
6. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet, the responses to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet.
7. After you have completed filling in responses on the Answer Sheet and the Examination is completed, you should hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator only. You are permitted to take the Test Booklet with you.
8. Sheets for rough work are appended on the Test Booklet at the end.
9. **Penalty for wrong/multiple answers :**
 - (i) For each question for which a wrong answer / multiple answer has been given by the candidate, 1(One) mark will be deducted as penalty.
 - (ii) If a question is left blank, i.e. no answer is given by the candidate ; there will be **no penalty** for that question.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET TILL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.

Four options are given against each of the following questions. Select the best / correct option from among the four options and encode in the answer sheet by using **Black Ball Point Pen** only as per example given below :

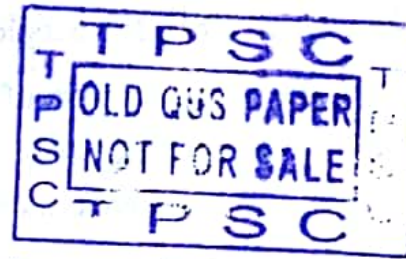
Example : The capital of India is —

(a) Delhi

(b) New Delhi

(c) Indraprastha

(d) None of these



1. Read the passage given below carefully and answer the following questions.

One of the main reasons of corruption in elections today is the lure of power which haunts the politicians. The Watergate Scandal in the USA is an eloquent example to testify to the fact how even the top level politicians can stoop to the lowest level in order to maintain themselves in power. In India also, the record of the various political parties is not clean. Corruption thrives in elections because those in the field play on the psychology of the electorate. The voters are swayed by the tall promises of the candidates to whose machinations they fall an easy prey. They are also susceptible to fall an easy prey to the adulations of the politicians due to their illiteracy. Besides, in big countries the constituencies are quite extensive removing the possibility of corrupt practices being discovered. Anti-corruption laws are honoured more in their breach than in their observance. Even the code of conduct to be observed by the parties fighting the elections becomes a dead letter in as much as it is thrown out by the unfair politicians whose only aim is to maintain themselves in the saddle of power.

1. The politicians indulge in corruption in elections now-a-days because :

(a) of lure of money

(b) of lure of power

(c) elections can be won only by corrupt means

(d) corrupt practices in elections go unnoticed.

2. Which example of the USA testifies to that fact that even the top level people can stoop very low in order to maintain themselves in power ?

(a) The New Deal

(b) Coalgate scandal

(c) The Watergate scandal

(d) None of these.

TR/TES(G)(CME)/V(B)/13

(3)

[Turn over

3. How does corruption thrive in elections?

- (a) The politicians exploit the electorate psychologically
- (b) The people themselves are corrupt
- (c) A part of the society is corrupt
- (d) The politicians cheat the electorate economically.

4. Why, according to the writer, do the voters fall an easy prey to the machinations of the politicians?

- (a) They want to sell their votes because of poverty
- (b) They are illiterate and do not understand what designs the politicians have at the back of their tall promises
- (c) They have no political knowledge
- (d) They are totally indifferent about elections.

5. Why according to the writer, do corrupt practices in elections go unnoticed?

- (a) Because nobody is interested in detecting corrupt practices.
- (b) Because the law enforcing authorities themselves are in collusion with the politicians.
- (c) Because the constituencies are so big that it becomes difficult to detect corrupt practices.
- (d) None of these.

6. What happens to the anti-corruption laws?

- (a) There is no such thing as anti-corruption laws.
- (b) Anti-corruption laws are honoured fully.
- (c) Anti-corruption laws are simply on eyewash just to deceive the masses.
- (d) Anti-corruption laws are honoured more in their breach than in their observance.

7. What happens to the code of conduct?

- (a) It is not observed at all
- (b) It is observed by all
- (c) There is no such thing at the code of conduct
- (d) The machinery devised to enforce the code of conduct is defective.

8. 'To maintain themselves in the Saddle of power' means

- (a) To remain in a state of preparedness
- (b) To retain power in their hands by continuing in office
- (c) To crush the opposition
- (d) To play unfair games.

9. Find out nearest meaning of the word "OBSERVANCE" taken from the above passage

- (a) Inspection
- (b) Supervision
- (c) Compliance
- (d) None of these.

10. Find out the most appropriate word exactly opposite in meaning of the word "EXTENSIVE" taken from the above passage

- (a) Expensive
- (b) Compact
- (c) Abstract
- (d) Narrow.

Find out the correct sentence from the following sentences.

11. (a) He was elected the president of the club
(b) I have put my signature on it
(c) This sentence is consisted of two clauses
(d) The reason of my silence is due to illness.
12. (a) Tell me the story in detail
(b) I am doing Arithmetics
(c) Your informations are wrong
(d) He gave false witnesses.

13. (a) Inform this to him
(b) There is no room in this bench
(c) He returned back to home
(d) I beg to forward myself as a candidate for this post.

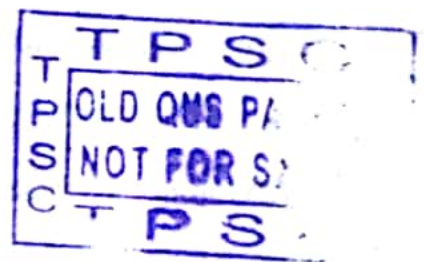
Find out the incorrect sentence from the following sentences.

14. (a) It is a fact
(b) Tell my what is your name?
(c) Speak the truth
(d) He died of cholera.

15. (a) He speaks English well
(b) Learn it by heart
(c) He and I went there
(d) This pen is belonged to me.

16. Find out the synonym of the word "ADEQUATE".

- (a) Deficient
- (b) Scant
- (c) Enough
- (d) Lacking.



17. Find out the synonym of the word "DECRY".

- (a) Condemn
- (b) Praise
- (c) Applaud
- (d) None of these.

18. Find out the antonym of the word "DORMANT".

- (a) Inert
- (b) Hidden
- (c) Active
- (d) Latent.

19. Find out the antonym of the word "CENSURE".

- (a) Rebuke
- (b) Commendation
- (c) Scold
- (d) Chide.

20. Find out the idiom in the following sentence.

He succeeded by dint of perseverance and strong will to solve any problem.

- (a) by dint of
- (b) perseverance
- (c) strong will
- (d) none of these.

21. Who established the Tripureswari Temple at Udaipur?

- (a) Maharaja Gobinda Manikya
- (b) Maharaja Dhanya Manikya
- (c) Maharaja Kalyan Manikya
- (d) Maharaja Radhakishore Manikya.

22. River Howrah originates from

- (a) Baramura Range
- (b) Atharamura Range
- (c) Longtarai Range
- (d) Sakhan Tang Range.

23. Tripura became a full-fledged state in the year

- (a) 1947
- (b) 1949
- (c) 1972
- (d) None of these.

24. Who won the ICC-Cricket Championship Trophy, 2013?

- (a) Australia
- (b) England
- (c) Sri Lanka
- (d) India.

25. Where was the last Kumbha Mela held?

- (a) Prayag
- (b) Haridwar
- (c) Nasik
- (d) Ujjaini.

26. Where is the capital of Chhatisgarh ?
(a) Bharatpur
(b) Nagpur
(c) Raipur
(d) Bilaspur.
27. Who won the 2012 Nobel prize for peace ?
(a) Mo Yan
(b) David Wineland
(c) John Gordon
(d) European Union.
28. Vinegar is an aqueous solution of
(a) Acetic acid
(b) Citric acid
(c) Oxalic acid
(d) Formic acid.
29. Engineers' Day is observed in India on
(a) 1st July
(b) 15 July
(c) 15 September
(d) 5th June.
30. Mahatma Gandhi was born in the year
(a) 1869
(b) 1861
(c) 1889
(d) 1888.
31. Indira Gandhi prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development for the year 2012 has been given to
(a) Barak Obama
(b) Angela Merkel
(c) Ellen Johnson Sirleaf
(d) None of them.
32. Nairobi Westgate Shopping Mall is located in
(a) Nigeria
(b) Kenya
(c) Uganda
(d) Zambia.
33. Who won the 2013 Wimbledon Men's Single Tennis Championship ?
(a) Rafael Nadal
(b) Novak Djokovic
(c) Andy Murray
(d) Roger Federer.



34. Who inaugurated the Tripura State Museum, Ujjayanta Palace at Agartala recently?

- (a) Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (b) Vice-President of India
- (c) President of India
- (d) Prime Minister of India.

35. What is the name of the Submarine of Indian Navy which sank recently in the Mumbai Dock?

- (a) INS Vikrant
- (b) INS Agni
- (c) INS Samudra
- (d) INS Sindhurakshak.

36. The literacy rate of Tripura (as on 8th Sept, 2013)

- (a) 87.75%
- (b) 94.65%
- (c) 93.50%
- (d) None of these.

37. Which of the following is a Greenhouse gas?

- (a) Hydrogen
- (b) Oxygen
- (c) Nitrogen
- (d) Methane.

38. Where are the 2020 Olympic Games supposed to be held?

- (a) Tokyo
- (b) Berlin
- (c) Paris
- (d) Rome.

39. Who among the following visited Jallianwala Bagh in the month of February, 2013?

- (a) Tony Blair
- (b) Hillary Clinton
- (c) David Cameron
- (d) Mitt Romney.

40. Pure gold is of

- (a) 18 carat
- (b) 20 carat
- (c) 22 carat
- (d) 24 carat.

Find out the missing number in the series given below :

41. 0, 3, 8, 15, 24, 35, 48, ?

- (a) 53
- (b) 63
- (c) 80
- (d) 85

42. 1, 4, 3, 9, 5, 16, 7, ?, 9,
 (a) 20
 (b) 22
 (c) 25
 (d) 36
43. 2, 6, 12, 20, 30, ?, 56 ,
 (a) 42
 (b) 44
 (c) 45
 (d) 50
44. In a certain code 'GIVE' is written as 5137 and 'BAT' is written as 924. How is 'GATE' written in that code ?
 (a) 5427
 (b) 5724
 (c) 5247
 (d) 2547
45. In a certain code 'BREAK' is written as 'ASDBJ'. How is 'SOLAR' written in that code ?
 (a) RPKBS
 (b) RPKBQ
 (c) TPMBS
 (d) TPKBQ

46. Introducing a lady to her husband, a woman said, "Her brother's father is the only son of my grandfather". How is the woman related to this lady ?
 (a) Mother
 (b) Aunt
 (c) Sister
 (d) Daughter.



47. A is B's brother, C is D's father, E is B's mother. A and D are brothers. How is E related C ?
 (a) Wife
 (b) Sister
 (c) Niece
 (d) None of them.
48. There are five books A, B, C, D and E. The book C lies above D. The book E is below A. D is above A, B is below E. Which book is at the bottom ?
 (a) E
 (b) B
 (c) A
 (d) C

49. A man travels 3 Km to the West, then turns left and goes 3 Km and then turns right and goes 1 Km, again turns right and goes 3 Km. How far is he from his starting point ?

(a) 7 Km

(b) 6 Km

(c) 5 Km

(d) 4 Km

50. A is older than B but younger than C. D is younger than E but older than A. If C is younger than D, who is the oldest of all ?

(a) A

(b) C

(c) E

(d) B

(Space for rough work)

TR/TES(G)(CME)/V(B)/13

(11)

[Turn over